COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

for

H.B. 2728

(BY DELEGATE(S) MCCUSKEY AND WESTFALL)

(Originating in the House Committee on Finance.) [February 26, 2015]

A BILL to amend and reenact §33-24-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §33-25-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-25A-24 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-40-1, §33-40-2, §33-40-3, §33-40-6 and §33-40-7 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §33-40A-1, §33-40A-2, §33-40A-3, §33-40A-4, §33-40A-5, §33-40A-6, §33-40A-7, §33-40A-8, §33-40A-9, §33-40A-10,

§33-40A-11 and §33-40A-12, all relating to risk-based capital reporting for health organizations; making health organizations subject to the statutory provisions concerning risk-based capital reporting; defining terms associated with risk-based capital reporting for health organizations; requiring a domestic health organization to file a risk-based capital report with the Insurance Commissioner; requiring a health organization to perform certain actions if the risk-based capital report indicates a negative financial trend or hazardous financial condition; requiring the Insurance Commissioner to conduct certain actions if the risk-based capital report of a health organization indicates a negative financial trend or hazardous financial condition; providing a health organization a right to a confidential hearing with respect to its risk-based capital report; making risk-based capital reports confidential; prohibiting the use of risk-based capital reports in the rate-making of a health organization; granting the Insurance Commissioner the authority to promulgate rules; requiring a foreign health organization to file a risk-based capital report with the Insurance Commissioner; and providing immunity to the Insurance Commissioner and his employees or agents for

actions taken with respect to monitoring the financial stability of a health organization.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §33-24-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §33-25-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-25D-26 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-25D-26 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-40-1, §33-40-2, §33-40-3, §33-40-6 and §33-40-7 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §33-40A-1, §33-40A-2, §33-40A-3, §33-40A-4, §33-40A-5, §33-40A-6, §33-40A-7, §33-40A-8, §33-40A-9, §33-40A-10, §33-40A-11 and §33-40A-12, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL MEDICAL AND DENTAL CORPORATIONS. §33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

- 1 Every corporation defined in section two of this article is
- 2 hereby declared to be a scientific, nonprofit institution and
- 3 exempt from the payment of all property and other taxes. Every
- 4 corporation, to the same extent the provisions are applicable to
- 5 insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and not

inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed 6 7 by and be subject to the provisions as herein below indicated, of the following articles of this chapter: Article two (Insurance 8 9 Commissioner); article four (general provisions), except that section sixteen of said article may not be applicable thereto; 10 section twenty, article five (borrowing by insurers); section 11 12 thirty-four, article six (fee for form, rate and rule filing); article 13 six-c (guaranteed loss ratios as applied to individual sickness and 14 accident insurance policies); article seven (assets and liabilities); 15 article eight-a (use of clearing corporations and federal reserve 16 book-entry system); article eleven (unfair trade practices); article 17 twelve (insurance producers and solicitors), except that the 18 agent's license fee shall be twenty-five dollars; section two-a, 19 article fifteen (definitions); section two-b, article fifteen 20 (guaranteed issue; limitation of coverage; election; denial of coverage; network plans); section two-d, article fifteen 21 22 (exceptions to guaranteed renewability); section two-e, article 23 fifteen (discontinuation of particular type of coverage; uniform 24 termination of all coverage; uniform modification of coverage); section two-f, article fifteen (certification of creditable 25

26 coverage); section two-g, article fifteen (applicability); section 27 four-e, article fifteen (benefits for mothers and newborns); 28 section fourteen, article fifteen (policies discriminating among 29 health care providers); section sixteen, article fifteen (policies 30 not to exclude insured's children from coverage; required 31 services; coordination with other insurance); section eighteen, 32 article fifteen (equal treatment of state agency); section nineteen, 33 article fifteen (coordination of benefits with medicaid); article 34 fifteen-a (West Virginia Long-Term Care Insurance Act); article 35 fifteen-c (diabetes insurance); section three, article sixteen 36 (required policy provisions); section three-a, article sixteen 37 (same - mental health); section three-d, article sixteen (medicare 38 supplement insurance); section three-f, article sixteen (required 39 policy provisions - treatment of temporomandibular joint 40 disorder and craniomandibular disorder); section three-i, article 41 sixteen (hospital benefits for mothers and newborns); section 42 three-k, article sixteen (limitations on preexisting condition 43 exclusions for health benefit plans); section three-l, article 44 sixteen (renewability and modification of health benefit plans); 45 section three-m, article sixteen (creditable coverage); section

46 three-n, article sixteen (eligibility for enrollment); section 47 eleven, article sixteen (group policies not to exclude insured's 48 children from coverage; required services; coordination with 49 other insurance); section thirteen, article sixteen (equal treatment 50 of state agency); section fourteen, article sixteen (coordination 51 of benefits with medicaid); section sixteen, article sixteen 52 (insurance for diabetics); article sixteen-a (group health 53 insurance conversion); article sixteen-c (employer group 54 accident and sickness insurance policies); article sixteen-d 55 (marketing and rate practices for small employer accident and 56 sickness insurance policies); article twenty-six-a (West Virginia 57 Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act), after 58 October 1, 1991, article twenty-seven (insurance holding 59 company systems); article twenty-eight (individual accident and 60 sickness insurance minimum standards); article thirty-three 61 (annual audited financial report); article thirty-four 62 (administrative supervision); article thirty-four-a (standards and 63 commissioner's authority for companies deemed considered to 64 be in hazardous financial condition); article thirty-five (criminal 65 sanctions for failure to report impairment); article thirty-seven

66 (managing general agents); article forty-a (risk-based capital for 67 health organizations); and article forty-one (Insurance Fraud 68 Prevention Act) and no other provision of this chapter may apply to these corporations unless specifically made applicable by the 69 provisions of this article. If, however, the corporation is 70 71 converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary profit or 72 if it transacts business without having obtained a license as 73 required by section five of this article, it shall thereupon forfeit 74 its right to these exemptions.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

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§33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by Insurance Commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

1 Corporations organized under this article are subject to
2 supervision and regulation of the Insurance Commissioner. The
3 corporations organized under this article, to the same extent
4 these provisions are applicable to insurers transacting similar
5 kinds of insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of
6 this article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provisions
7 as herein below indicated of the following articles of this

chapter: Article four (general provisions), except that section

9 sixteen of said article shall not be applicable thereto; article six-c 10 (guaranteed loss ratio); article seven (assets and liabilities); 11 article eight (investments); article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation); section two-a, article fifteen (definitions); section 12 13 two-b, article fifteen (guaranteed issue); section two-d, article fifteen (exception to guaranteed renewability); section two-e, 14 15 article fifteen (discontinuation of coverage); section two-f, 16 article fifteen (certification of creditable coverage); section 17 two-g, article fifteen (applicability); section four-e, article fifteen 18 (benefits for mothers and newborns); section fourteen, article 19 fifteen (individual accident and sickness insurance); section 20 sixteen, article fifteen (coverage of children); section eighteen, 21 article fifteen (equal treatment of state agency); section nineteen, 22 article fifteen (coordination of benefits with medicaid); article 23 fifteen-c (diabetes insurance); section three, article sixteen 24 (required policy provisions); section three-a, article sixteen (mental health); section three-j, article sixteen (benefits for 25 mothers and newborns); section three-k, article sixteen 26 27 (preexisting condition exclusions); section three-l, article sixteen 28 (guaranteed renewability); section three-m, article sixteen

29 (creditable coverage); section three-n, article sixteen (eligibility 30 for enrollment); section eleven, article sixteen (coverage of 31 children); section thirteen, article sixteen (equal treatment of 32 state agency); section fourteen, article sixteen (coordination of 33 benefits with medicaid); section sixteen, article sixteen (diabetes 34 insurance); article sixteen-a (group health insurance conversion); 35 article sixteen-c (small employer group policies); article 36 sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers); 37 article twenty-five-f (coverage for patient cost of clinical trials); 38 article twenty-six-a (West Virginia life and health insurance 39 guaranty association act); article twenty-seven (insurance 40 holding company systems); article thirty-three (annual audited 41 financial report); article thirty-four-a (standards 42 commissioner's authority for companies deemed considered to 43 be in hazardous financial condition); article thirty-five (criminal 44 sanctions for failure to report impairment); article thirty-seven 45 (managing general agents); article forty-a (risk-based capital for 46 health organizations); and article forty-one (privileges and 47 immunity); and no other provision of this chapter may apply to

48 these corporations unless specifically made applicable by the49 provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-24. Scope of provisions; applicability of other laws.

1	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, provisions
2	of the insurance laws and provisions of hospital or medical
3	service corporation laws are not applicable to any health
4	maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under
5	this article. The provisions of this article shall may not apply to
6	an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and
7	regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or
8	medical service corporation laws of this state except with respect
9	to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and
10	regulated pursuant to this article. The provisions of this article
11	may not apply to an entity properly licensed by a reciprocal state
12	to provide health care services to employer groups, where
13	residents of West Virginia are members of an employer group,
14	and the employer group contract is entered into in the reciprocal
15	state. For purposes of this subsection, a "reciprocal state" means
16	a state which physically borders West Virginia and which has

- subscriber or enrollee hold harmless requirements substantially
 similar to those set out in section seven-a of this article.
- 19 (b) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding 20 the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments 21 charged, the sites of services and hours of operation and any 22 other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a 23 health maintenance organization granted a certificate of 24 authority or its representative may not be construed to violate 25 any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by 26 health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this 27 subsection shall may be construed as authorizing any solicitation 28 or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual 29 provider or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any 30 provider.
- 31 (c) Any health maintenance organization authorized under 32 this article may not be considered to be practicing medicine and 33 is exempt from the provisions of chapter thirty of this code 34 relating to the practice of medicine.
- 35 (d) The following provisions of this chapter shall be are applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a

certificate of authority under this article or which is otherwise 37 38 subject to the provisions of this article: The provisions of 39 sections four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and nine-a, article two 40 (Insurance Commissioner); sections fifteen and twenty, article 41 four (general provisions); section twenty, article five (borrowing 42 by insurers); section seventeen, article six (validity of 43 noncomplying forms); article six-c (guaranteed loss ratios as 44 applied to individual sickness and accident insurance policies); 45 article seven (assets and liabilities); article eight (investments); 46 article eight-a (use of clearing corporations and federal reserve 47 book-entry system); article nine (administration of deposits); 48 article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation); article twelve 49 (insurance producers and solicitors); section fourteen, article 50 fifteen (policies discriminating among health care providers); 51 section sixteen, article fifteen (policies not to exclude insured's 52 children from coverage; required services; coordination with 53 other insurance); section eighteen, article fifteen (equal treatment 54 of state agency); section nineteen, article fifteen (coordination of 55 benefits with Medicaid); article fifteen-b (Uniform Health Care 56 Administration Act); section three, article sixteen (required

57 policy provisions); section three-f, article sixteen (required 58 policy provisions - treatment of temporomandibular joint 59 disorder and craniomandibular disorder); section eleven, article 60 sixteen (group policies not to exclude insured's children from 61 coverage; required services; coordination with other insurance); 62 section thirteen, article sixteen (equal treatment of state agency); 63 section fourteen, article sixteen (coordination of benefits with 64 Medicaid); article sixteen-a (group health insurance conversion); 65 article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small 66 employer accident and sickness insurance policies); article 67 twenty-five-c (Health Maintenance Organization Patient Bill of 68 Rights); article twenty-five-f (coverage for patient cost of 69 clinical trials); article twenty-seven (insurance holding company 70 systems); article thirty-three (annual audited financial report); 71 thirty-four (administrative supervision); article article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for 72 73 companies considered to be in hazardous financial condition); 74 article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report 75 impairment); article thirty-seven (managing general agents); 76 article thirty-nine (disclosure of material transactions); article

77 forty (risk-based capital for insurers); article forty-a (risk-based capital for health organizations); article forty-one (Insurance 78 79 Fraud Prevention Act); and article forty-two (Women's Access 80 to Health Care Act). In circumstances where the code provisions 81 made applicable to health maintenance organizations by this 82 subsection refer to the "insurer", the "corporation" or words of 83 similar import, the language shall be construed to include health 84 maintenance organizations. 85 (e) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued 86 for delivery in this state by a health maintenance organization 87 shall comply with the provisions of article fifteen-a of this 88 chapter.

ARTICLE 25D. PREPAID LIMITED HEALTH SERVICE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25D-26. Scope of provisions; applicability of other laws.

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, provisions
- 2 of the insurance laws, provisions of hospital, medical, dental or
- 3 health service corporation laws and provisions of health
- 4 maintenance organization laws are not applicable to any prepaid
- 5 limited health service organization granted a certificate of

6 authority under this article. The provisions of this article do not 7 apply to an insurer, hospital, medical, dental or health service 8 corporation, or health maintenance organization licensed and 9 regulated pursuant to the insurance laws, hospital, medical, 10 dental or health service corporation laws or health maintenance organization laws of this state except with respect to its prepaid 11 12 limited health service corporation activities authorized and 13 regulated pursuant to this article. The provisions of this article 14 do not apply to an entity properly licensed by a reciprocal state 15 to provide a limited health care service to employer groups, 16 where residents of West Virginia are members of an employer 17 group, and the employer group contract is entered into in the 18 reciprocal state. For purposes of this subsection, a "reciprocal 19 state" means a state which physically borders West Virginia and 20 which has subscriber or enrollee hold harmless requirements 21 substantially similar to those set out in section ten of this article. 22 (b) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding 23 the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments 24 charged, the sites of services and hours of operation and any 25 other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a concerning any provider.

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- prepaid limited health service organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative do not violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this subsection authorizes any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider or makes any qualitative judgment
- 33 (c) Any prepaid limited health service organization 34 authorized under this article is not considered to be practicing 35 medicine and is exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of 36 this code relating to the practice of medicine.
- 37 (d) The provisions of section nine, article two, examinations; 38 section nine-a, article two, one-time assessment; section thirteen. 39 article two, hearings; sections fifteen and twenty, article four, 40 general provisions; section twenty, article five, borrowing by 41 insurers; section seventeen, article six, noncomplying forms; 42 article six-c, guaranteed loss ratio; article seven, assets and 43 liabilities; article eight, investments; article eight-a, use of 44 clearing corporations and federal reserve book-entry system; 45 article nine, administration of deposits; article ten, rehabilitation

46 and liquidation; article twelve, agents, brokers, solicitors and 47 excess line; section fourteen, article fifteen, individual accident 48 and sickness insurance; section sixteen, article fifteen, coverage 49 of children; section eighteen, article fifteen, equal treatment of 50 state agency; section nineteen, article fifteen, coordination of 51 benefits with medicaid; article fifteen-b, uniform health care 52 administration act; section three, article sixteen, required policy 53 provisions; section eleven, article sixteen, coverage of children; 54 section thirteen, article sixteen, equal treatment of state agency; 55 section fourteen, article sixteen, coordination of benefits with 56 medicaid; article sixteen-a, group health insurance conversion; 57 article sixteen-d, marketing and rate practices for small 58 employers; article twenty-seven, insurance holding company 59 systems; article thirty-three, annual audited financial report; 60 thirty-four, administrative supervision; article article thirty-four-a, standards and commissioner's authority for 61 62 companies considered to be in hazardous financial condition; 63 article thirty-five, criminal sanctions for failure to report 64 impairment; article thirty-seven, managing general agents; 65 article thirty-nine, disclosure of material transactions; article

- 66 forty-a, risk-based capital for health organizations; and article 67 forty-one, privileges and immunity, all of this chapter are 68 applicable to any prepaid limited health service organization 69 granted a certificate of authority under this article. In 70 circumstances where the code provisions made applicable to 71 prepaid limited health service organizations by this section refer 72 to the "insurer", the "corporation" or words of similar import, 73 language includes prepaid limited health 74 organizations.
- 75 (e) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued 76 for delivery in this state by a prepaid limited health service 77 organization shall comply with the provisions of article fifteen-a 78 of this chapter.
- (f) A prepaid limited health service organization granted a certificate of authority under this article is exempt from paying municipal business and occupation taxes on gross income it receives from its enrollees, or from their employers or others on their behalf, for health care items or services provided directly or indirectly by the prepaid limited health service organization.

ARTICLE 40. RISK-BASED CAPITAL FOR INSURERS.

§33-40-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, these terms have the following
- 2 meanings:
- 3 (a) "Adjusted RBC report" means an RBC report which has
- 4 been adjusted by the commissioner in accordance with
- 5 subsection (e), section two of this article.
- 6 (b) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the
- 7 commissioner specifying corrective actions which the
- 8 commissioner has determined are required.
- 9 (c) "HMO" means the same as defined in subsection (11),
- 10 section two, article twenty-five-a of this chapter; as used in
- 11 sections one, three, four, five, seven, eight and twelve of this
- 12 article, the term "insurer" includes HMO.
- 13 (d) (c) "Domestic insurer" means any insurance company <u>50</u>
- 14 farmers' mutual fire insurance company or HMO domiciled in
- 15 this state.
- 16 (e) (d) "Foreign insurer" means any insurance company
- 17 which is licensed to do business in this state under article three
- 18 of this chapter but is not domiciled in this state. or any HMO that

- 19 has been issued a certificate of authority under article
- 20 twenty-five-a of this chapter but that is not domiciled in this
- 21 state.
- 22 (f) (e) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
- 23 Commissioners.
- 24 (g) (f) "Life and/or health insurer" means any insurance
- 25 company licensed under article three of this chapter or a licensed
- 26 property and casualty insurer writing only accident and health
- 27 insurance.
- 28 (h) (g) "Property and casualty insurer" means any insurance
- 29 company licensed under article three of this chapter or any
- 30 farmers' mutual fire insurance company licensed under article
- 31 twenty-two of this chapter, but shall may not include monoline
- 32 mortgage guaranty insurers, financial guaranty insurers and title
- 33 insurers.
- 34 (h) "Negative trend" means, with respect to a life and/or
- 35 health insurer, negative trend over a period of time, as
- 36 determined in accordance with the trend test calculation included
- 37 in the RBC instructions.

- 38 (j) (i) "RBC instructions" means the RBC report, including
- 39 risk-based capital instructions adopted by the NAIC, as the RBC
- 40 instructions may be amended by the NAIC, from time to time, in
- 41 accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC.
- 42 (k) (j) "RBC level" means an insurer's or HMO's company
- 43 action level RBC, regulatory action level RBC, authorized
- 44 control level RBC, or mandatory control level RBC where:
- 45 (1) "Company action level RBC" means, with respect to any
- 46 insurer, the product of two and its authorized control level RBC;
- 47 (2) "Regulatory action level RBC" means the product of one
- 48 and one-half and its authorized control level RBC;
- 49 (3) "Authorized control level RBC" means the number
- 50 determined under the risk-based capital formula in accordance
- 51 with the RBC instructions;
- 52 (4) "Mandatory control level RBC" means the product of
- seven-tenths and the authorized control level RBC.
- 54 (h) (k) "RBC plan" means a comprehensive financial plan
- 55 containing the elements specified in subsection (b), section three
- of this article. If the commissioner rejects the RBC plan and it is
- 57 revised by the insurer or HMO, with or without the

- 58 commissioner's recommendation, the plan shall be called the
- 59 revised RBC plan.
- 60 (m) (l) "RBC report" means the report required in section
- 61 two of this article.
- 62 (m) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of:
- 63 (1) An insurer's or HMO's statutory capital and surplus as
- 64 determined in accordance with the statutory accounting
- 65 applicable to the financial statements required to be filed under
- 66 section fourteen, article four of this chapter; and
- 67 (2) Any other items required by the RBC instructions.

§33-40-2. RBC reports.

- 1 (a) Every domestic insurer shall, on or prior to each March
- 2 1 (the "filing date"), shall prepare and submit to the
- 3 commissioner a report of its RBC levels as of the end of the
- 4 calendar year just ended, in a form and containing the
- 5 information required by the RBC instructions. In addition, every
- 6 domestic insurer shall file its RBC report:
- 7 (1) With the NAIC in accordance with the RBC instructions;
- 8 and

- 9 (2) With the Insurance Commissioner in any state in which
- 10 the insurer is authorized to do business, if the Insurance
- 11 Commissioner has notified the insurer of its request in writing,
- 12 in which case the insurer shall file its RBC report not later than
- 13 the later of:
- 14 (A) Fifteen days from the receipt of notice to file its RBC
- 15 report with that state; or
- 16 (B) The filing date.
- 17 (b) A life and health insurer's RBC shall be determined in
- 18 accordance with the formula set forth in the RBC instructions.
- 19 The formula shall take into account (and may adjust for the
- 20 covariance between):
- 21 (1) The risk with respect to the insurer's assets;
- 22 (2) The risk of adverse insurance experience with respect to
- 23 the insurer's liabilities and obligations;
- 24 (3) The interest rate risk with respect to the insurer's
- 25 business; and
- 26 (4) All other business risks and any other relevant risks set
- 27 forth in the RBC instructions determined in each case by

- 28 applying the factors in the manner set forth in the RBC
- 29 instructions.
- 30 (c) A property and casualty insurer's RBC and an HMO's
- 31 RBC shall be determined in accordance with the applicable
- 32 formula set forth in the RBC instructions. The formula shall take
- 33 into account (and may adjust for the covariance between),
- 34 determined in each case by applying the factors in the manner set
- 35 forth in the RBC instructions:
- 36 (1) Asset risk;
- 37 (2) Credit risk;
- 38 (3) Underwriting risk; and
- 39 (4) All other business risks and any other relevant risks as
- 40 are set forth in the RBC instructions.
- 41 (d) An excess of capital over the amount produced by the
- 42 risk-based capital requirements contained in this article and the
- 43 formulas, schedules and instructions referenced in this article is
- 44 desirable in the business of insurance. Accordingly, insurers and
- 45 HMOs should seek to maintain capital above the RBC levels
- 46 required by this article. Additional capital is used and useful in
- 47 the insurance business and helps to secure insurers and HMOs

- 48 against various risks inherent in, or affecting, the business of
- 49 insurance and not accounted for or only partially measured by
- 50 the risk-based capital requirements contained in this article.
- (e) If a domestic insurer files an RBC report which, in the
- 52 judgment of the commissioner is inaccurate, then the
- 53 commissioner shall adjust the RBC report to correct the
- 54 inaccuracy and shall notify the insurer of the adjustment. The
- 55 notice shall contain a statement of the reason for the adjustment.
- 56 An RBC report that is adjusted is referred to as an "Adjusted
- 57 RBC Report".

§33-40-3. Company action level event.

- 1 (a) "Company action level event" means any of the
- 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report by an insurer which indicates
- 4 that:
- 5 (A) The insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than or
- 6 equal to its regulatory action level RBC, but less than its
- 7 company action level RBC;
- 8 (B) If a life and/or health insurer, the insurer has total
- 9 adjusted capital which is greater than or equal to its company
- 10 action level RBC, but less than the product of its authorized

- 11 control level RBC and two and one-half and has a negative
- 12 trend; or
- 13 (C) If a property and casualty insurer, the insurer has total
- 14 adjusted capital which is greater than or equal to its company
- 15 action level RBC, but less than the product of its authorized
- 16 control level RBC and three and triggers the trend test
- 17 determined in accordance with the trend test calculation included
- 18 in the property and casualty RBC instructions;
- 19 (2) The notification by the commissioner to the insurer of an
- 20 adjusted RBC report that indicates an event in subdivision (1) of
- 21 this subsection, provided the insurer does not challenge the
- 22 adjusted RBC report under section seven of this article; or
- 23 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, an insurer
 - challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in
- 25 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the notification by the
- 26 commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a
- 27 hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.
- 28 (b) In the event of If there is a company action level event,
- 29 the insurer shall prepare and submit to the commissioner an RBC
- 30 plan which shall:

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- 31 (1) Identify the conditions which contribute to the company
- 32 action level event;
- 33 (2) Contain proposals of corrective actions which the insurer
- 34 intends to take and would be expected to result in the elimination
- 35 of the company action level event;
- 36 (3) Provide projections of the insurer's financial results in
- 37 the current year and at least the four succeeding years, or, in the
- 38 case of an HMO, in the current year and at least the two
- 39 succeeding years, both in the absence of proposed corrective
- 40 actions and giving effect to the proposed corrective actions,
- 41 including projections of statutory operating income, net income,
- 42 capital and/or surplus. (The projections for both new and renewal
- 43 business may include separate projections for each major line of
- 44 business and separately identify each significant income,
- 45 expense and benefit component);
- 46 (4) Identify the key assumptions impacting the insurer's
- 47 projections and the sensitivity of the projections to the
- 48 assumptions; and
- 49 (5) Identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the
- 50 insurer's business, including, but not limited to, its assets,

- 51 anticipated business growth and associated surplus strain,
- 52 extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business and use of
- 53 reinsurance, if any, in each case.
- (c) The RBC plan shall be submitted:
- 55 (1) Within forty-five days of the company action level event;
- 56 or
- 57 (2) If the insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report pursuant
- 58 to section seven of this article, within forty-five days after
- 59 notification to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a
- 60 hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.
- 61 (d) Within sixty days after the submission by an insurer of
- 62 an RBC plan to the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify
- 63 the insurer whether the RBC plan may be implemented or is, in
- 64 the judgment of the commissioner, unsatisfactory. If the
- 65 commissioner determines the RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the
- 66 notification to the insurer shall set forth the reasons for the
- 67 determination and may set forth proposed revisions which will
- 68 render the RBC plan satisfactory in the judgment of the
- 69 commissioner. Upon notification from the commissioner, the
- 70 insurer shall prepare a revised RBC plan, which may incorporate

- 71 by reference any revisions proposed by the commissioner, and
- 72 shall submit the revised RBC plan to the commissioner:
- 73 (1) Within forty-five days after the notification from the
- 74 commissioner; or
- 75 (2) If the insurer challenges the notification from the
- 76 commissioner under section seven of this article, within
- 77 forty-five days after a notification to the insurer that the
- 78 commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's
- 79 challenge.
- 80 (e) In the event of If there is a notification by the
- 81 commissioner to an insurer that the insurer's RBC plan or
- 82 revised RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the commissioner may, at the
- 83 commissioner's discretion, subject to the insurer's right to a
- 84 hearing under section seven of this article, specify in the
- 85 notification that the notification constitutes a regulatory action
- 86 level event.
- 87 (f) Every domestic insurer that files an RBC plan or revised
- 88 RBC plan with the commissioner shall file a copy of the RBC
- 89 plan or revised RBC plan with the Insurance Commissioner in
- 90 any state in which the insurer is authorized to do business if:

- 91 (1) The state has an RBC provision substantially similar to
- 92 subsection (a), section eight of this article; and
- 93 (2) The Insurance Commissioner of that state has notified
- 94 the insurer of its request for the filing in writing, in which case
- 95 the insurer shall file a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan
- 96 in that state no later than the later of:
- 97 (A) Fifteen days after the receipt of notice to file a copy of
- 98 its RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the state; or
- (B) The date on which the RBC plan or revised RBC plan is
- 100 filed under subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

§33-40-6. Mandatory control level event.

- 1 (a) "Mandatory control level event" means any of the
- 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report which indicates that the
- 4 insurer's or HMO's total adjusted capital is less than its
- 5 mandatory control level RBC;
- 6 (2) Notification by the commissioner to the insurer or HMO
- 7 of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision
- 8 (1) of this subsection, provided the insurer or HMO does not

- 9 challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven of this
- 10 article; or

18

- 11 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the insurer or
- 12 HMO challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event
- 13 in subdivision (1) of this subsection, notification by the
- 14 commissioner to the insurer or HMO that the commissioner has,
- 15 after a hearing, rejected the insurer's or HMO's challenge.
- 16 (b) In the event of If there is a mandatory control level event:
- 17 (1) With respect to a life insurer, the commissioner shall take

any actions that are necessary to place the insurer under

- 19 regulatory control under article ten of this chapter. In that event,
- 20 the mandatory control level event shall be considered sufficient
- 21 grounds for the commissioner to take action under said article,
- 22 and the commissioner has the rights, powers and duties with
- 23 respect to the insurer that are set forth in said article. If the
- 24 commissioner takes actions pursuant to an adjusted RBC report,
- 25 the insurer is entitled to the protections of said article pertaining
- 26 to summary proceedings. Notwithstanding any of the provisions
- 27 of this subdivision, the commissioner may forego action for up
- 28 to ninety days after the mandatory control level event if the

commissioner finds there is a reasonable expectation that the
 mandatory control level event may be eliminated within the
 ninety-day period.

32 (2) With respect to a property and casualty insurer, the 33 commissioner shall take any actions that are necessary to place 34 the insurer under regulatory control under article ten of this 35 chapter or, in the case of an insurer which is writing no business 36 and which is running-off its existing business, may allow the 37 insurer to continue its run-off under the supervision of the 38 commissioner. In either event, the mandatory control level event 39 shall be considered sufficient grounds for the commissioner to 40 take action under said article and the commissioner has the 41 rights, powers and duties with respect to the insurer that are set 42 forth in said article. If the commissioner takes actions pursuant 43 to an adjusted RBC report, the insurer is entitled to the 44 protections of said article pertaining to summary proceedings. 45 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subdivision, the 46 commissioner may forego action for up to ninety days after the 47 mandatory control level event if the commissioner finds there is 48 a reasonable expectation that the mandatory control level event 49 may be eliminated within the ninety-day period.

50 (3) With respect to HMOs, the Commissioner shall take any actions that are necessary to place the HMO under regulatory 51 control in accordance with the provisions of article ten and 52 section nineteen, article twenty-five of this chapter. In that event, 53 the mandatory control level event shall be considered sufficient 54 grounds for the Commissioner to take action under said section 55 56 and the Commissioner has the rights, powers and duties with 57 respect to the HMO as are set forth in said section. If the 58 Commissioner takes actions pursuant to an adjusted RBC report, 59 the HMO is entitled to the protections of said article pertaining to summary proceedings. Notwithstanding any of the provisions 60 61 of this subdivision, the Commissioner may forego action for up to ninety days after the mandatory control level event if the 62 Commissioner finds there is a reasonable expectation that the 63 mandatory control level event may be eliminated within the 64 65 ninety-day period.

§33-40-7. Hearings.

- 1 Insurers have the right to a confidential departmental
- 2 hearing, on the record, at which the insurer may challenge any
- 3 determination or action by the commissioner made pursuant to

- 4 the provisions of this article. The insurer shall notify the
- 5 commissioner of its request for a hearing within ten days after
- 6 receiving notification from the commissioner.
- 7 (a) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner of an
- 8 adjusted RBC report; or
- 9 (b) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner that:
- 10 (1) The insurer's RBC plan or revised RBC plan is
- 11 unsatisfactory; and
- 12 (2) The notification constitutes a regulatory action level
- 13 event with respect to the insurer; or
- 14 (c) Notification to any insurer by the commissioner that the
- 15 insurer has failed to adhere to its RBC plan or revised RBC plan
- 16 and that the failure has a substantial adverse effect on the ability
- 17 of the insurer to eliminate the company action level event with
- 18 respect to the insurer in accordance with its RBC plan or revised
- 19 RBC plan; or
- 20 (d) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner of a
- 21 corrective order with respect to the insurer.
- (e) Upon receipt of the insurer's request for a hearing, the
- 23 commissioner shall set a date for the hearing, which shall be no

- 24 less than fifteen nor more than forty-five days after the date of
- 25 the insurer's request.
- 26 (f) To the extent that the provisions of this section conflict
- 27 with any other provisions applicable to HMOs, the provisions of
- 28 this section apply.

ARTICLE 40A. RISKED-BASED CAPITAL FOR HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS.

§33-40A-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, these terms shall have the following
- 2 meanings:
- 3 (a) "Adjusted RBC report" means an RBC report which has
- 4 been adjusted by the commissioner in accordance with
- 5 <u>subsection (d)</u>, section two of this article.
- 6 (b) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the
- 7 commissioner specifying corrective actions which the
- 8 commissioner has determined are required.
- 9 (c) "Domestic health organization" means a health
- 10 <u>organization domiciled in this state.</u>
- 11 (d) "Foreign health organization" means a health
- 12 organization that is licensed to do business in this state under

- 13 article twenty-five-a of this chapter but is not domiciled in this
 14 state.
- 15 (e) "Health organization" means a health maintenance
- 16 <u>organization licensed under article twenty-five-a of this chapter,</u>
- 17 <u>limited health service organization licensed under article</u>
- 18 twenty-five-d of this chapter, provider sponsored network
- 19 licensed under article twenty-five-g of this chapter, hospital,
- 20 medical and dental indemnity or service corporation licensed
- 21 under article twenty-four of this chapter or other managed care
- 22 organization licensed under article twenty-five of this chapter.
- 23 This definition does not include an organization that is licensed
- 24 <u>under article three of this chapter as either a life or health insurer</u>
- 25 or a property and casualty insurer and that is otherwise subject
- 26 to either the life and health or property and casualty RBC
- 27 requirements.
- 28 (f) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
- 29 Commissioners.
- 30 (g) "Negative trend" means a negative trend over a period of
- 31 time, as determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
- 32 included in the RBC instructions.

33	(h) "RBC instructions" means the RBC report including
34	risk-based capital instructions adopted by the NAIC, as these
35	RBC instructions may be amended by the NAIC from time to
36	time in accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC.
37	(i) "RBC level" means a health organization's company
38	action level RBC, regulatory action level RBC, authorized
39	control level RBC, or mandatory control level RBC where:
40	(1) "Company action level RBC" means, with respect to any
41	health organization, the product of 2.0 and its authorized control
12	level RBC;
43	(2) "Regulatory action level RBC" means the product of 1.5
14	and its authorized control level RBC;
45	(3) "Authorized Control Level RBC" means the number
46	determined under the risk-based capital formula in accordance
47	with the RBC instructions;
48	(4) "Mandatory Control Level RBC" means the product of
19	.70 and the authorized control level RBC.
50	(j) "RBC plan" means a comprehensive financial plan
51	containing the elements specified in subsection (b), section three
52	of this article. If the commissioner rejects the RRC plan, and it

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- 53 is revised by the health organization, with or without the
- 54 commissioner's recommendation, the plan shall be called the
- 55 "revised RBC plan."
- (k) "RBC report" means the report required in section two of
- 57 this article.
- (k) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of:
- (1) A health organization's statutory capital and surplus (i.e.
- 60 net worth) as determined in accordance with the statutory
- 61 accounting application to the annual financial statements
- 62 required to be filed under:
- 63 (A) Section four, article twenty-four of this chapter;
- (B) Section nine, article twenty-five of this chapter;
- 65 (C) Section nine, article twenty-five-a of this chapter; or
- 66 (D) Section twelve, article twenty-five-d of this chapter; and
- 67 (2) Such other items, if any, as the RBC instructions may
- 68 provide.

§33-40A-2. RBC reports.

- 1 (a) A domestic health organization, on or prior to each
- 2 March 1 (the "filing date"), shall prepare and submit to the
- 3 commissioner a report of its RBC levels as of the end of the

- 4 calendar year just ended, in a form and containing such
- 5 information as is required by the RBC instructions. In addition,
- 6 a domestic health organization shall file its RBC report:
- 7 (1) With the NAIC in accordance with the RBC instructions;
- 8 and
- 9 (2) With the Insurance Commissioner in any state in which
- 10 the health organization is authorized to do business, if the
- 11 <u>Insurance Commissioner has notified the health organization of</u>
- 12 its request in writing, in which case the health organization shall
- 13 <u>file its RBC report not later than the later of:</u>
- (A) Fifteen days from the receipt of notice to file its RBC
- 15 report with that state; or
- 16 (B) The filing date.
- 17 (b) A health organization's RBC shall be determined in
- 18 accordance with the formula set forth in the RBC instructions.
- 19 The formula shall take the following into account (and may
- 20 adjust for the covariance between) determined in each case by
- 21 applying the factors in the manner set forth in the RBC
- 22 instructions.
- 23 (1) Asset risk;

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24 (2) Credit risk; 25 (3) Underwriting risk; and 26 (4) All other business risks and such other relevant risks as are set forth in the RBC instructions. 27 28 (c) An excess of capital (i.e. net worth) over the amount 29 produced by the risk-based capital requirements contained in this 30 article and the formulas, schedules and instructions referenced 31 in this article is desirable in the business of health insurance. 32 Accordingly, health organizations should seek to maintain 33 capital above the RBC levels required by this article. Additional 34 capital is used and useful in the insurance business and helps to 35 secure a health organization against various risks inherent in, or 36 affecting, the business of insurance and not accounted for or only partially measured by the risk-based capital requirements 37 38 contained in this article. 39 (d) If a domestic health organization files an RBC report that 40 in the judgment of the commissioner is inaccurate, then the 41 commissioner shall adjust the RBC report to correct the 42 inaccuracy and shall notify the health organization of the

adjustment. The notice shall contain a statement of the reason for

- 44 the adjustment. An RBC report as so adjusted is referred to as an
- 45 "adjusted RBC report."

§33-40A-3. Company action level event.

- 1 (a) "Company action level event" means any of the
- 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report by a health organization that
- 4 indicates that the health organization's total adjusted capital is
- 5 greater than or equal to its regulatory action level RBC but less
- 6 than its company action level RBC;
- 7 (2) If a health organization has total adjusted capital which
- 8 is greater than or equal to its company action level RBC but less
- 9 than the product of its authorized control level RBC and 3.0 and
- 10 triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend
- 11 <u>test calculation included in the health RBC instructions:</u>
- 12 (3) Notification by the commissioner to the health
- 13 organization of an adjusted RBC report that indicates an event in
- 14 subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the health
- 15 organization does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under
- 16 section seven of this article; or

17	(4) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, a health
18	organization challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates
19	the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the notification by
20	the commissioner to the health organization that the
21	commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health
22	organization's challenge.
23	(b) If there is a company action level event, the health
24	organization shall prepare and submit to the commissioner an
25	RBC plan that shall:
26	(1) Identify the conditions that contribute to the company
27	action level event;
28	(2) Contain proposals of corrective actions that the health
29	organization intends to take and that would be expected to result
30	in the elimination of the company action level event;
31	(3) Provide projections of the health organization's financial
32	results in the current year and at least two succeeding years, both
33	in the absence of proposed corrective actions and giving effect
34	to the proposed corrective actions, including projections of
35	statutory balance sheets, operating income, net income, capital
36	and curplus and PRC levels. The projections for both new and

- 37 renewal business might include separate projections for each
- 38 major line of business and separately identify each significant
- 39 income, expense and benefit component;
- 40 (4) Identify the key assumptions impacting the health
- 41 organization's projections and the sensitivity of the projections
- 42 to the assumptions; and
- 43 (5) Identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the
- 44 health organization's business, including, but not limited to, its
- 45 assets, anticipated business growth and associated surplus strain,
- 46 extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business and use of
- 47 <u>reinsurance</u>, if any, in each case.
- 48 (c) The RBC plan shall be submitted:
- 49 (1) Within forty-five days of the company action level event;
- 50 or
- 51 (2) If the health organization challenges an adjusted RBC
- 52 report pursuant to section seven of this article, within forty-five
- 53 days after notification to the health organization that the
- 54 commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health
- 55 organization's challenge.

56 (d) Within sixty days after the submission by a health 57 organization of an RBC plan to the commissioner, the 58 commissioner shall notify the health organization whether the 59 RBC plan shall be implemented or is, in the judgment of the commissioner, unsatisfactory. If the commissioner determines 60 61 the RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the notification to the health 62 organization shall set forth the reasons for the determination, and 63 may set forth proposed revisions which will render the RBC plan 64 satisfactory, in the judgment of the commissioner. Upon 65 notification from the commissioner, the health organization shall 66 prepare a revised RBC plan, which may incorporate by reference 67 any revisions proposed by the commissioner, and shall submit 68 the revised RBC plan to the commissioner: 69 (1) Within forty-five days after the notification from the 70 commissioner; or 71 (2) If the health organization challenges the notification from 72 the commissioner under section seven of this article, within forty-five days after a notification to the health organization that 73 74 the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health 75 organization's challenge.

76 (e) If there is a notification by the commissioner to a health 77 organization that the health organization's RBC plan or revised 78 RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the commissioner may, subject to the 79 health organization's right to a hearing under section seven of 80 this article, specify in the notification that the notification 81 constitutes a regulatory action level event. 82 (f) Every domestic health organization that files an RBC 83 plan or revised RBC plan with the commissioner shall file a copy 84 of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the Insurance 85 Commissioner in any state in which the health organization is 86 authorized to do business if: 87 (1) The state has an RBC provision substantially similar to 88 subsection (a), section eight of this article; and 89 (2) The Insurance Commissioner of that state has notified 90 the health organization of its request for the filing in writing, in 91 which case the health organization shall file a copy of the RBC 92 plan or revised RBC plan in that state no later than the later of: 93 (A) Fifteen days after the receipt of notice to file a copy of its RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the state; or 94

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 - 95 (B) The date on which the RBC plan or revised RBC plan is
- 96 filed under subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

§33-40A-4. Regulatory action level event.

- 1 (a) "Regulatory action level event" means, with respect to a
- 2 health organization, any of the following events:
- 3 (1) Filing of an RBC report by the health organization that
- 4 indicates that the health organization's total adjusted capital is
- 5 greater than or equal to its authorized control level RBC but less
- 6 than its regulatory action level RBC;
- 7 (2) Notification by the commissioner to a health organization
- 8 of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision
- 9 (1) of this subsection, provided the health organization does not
- 10 challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven of this
- 11 article;
- 12 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the health
- 13 organization challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates
- 14 the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the notification by
- 15 the commissioner to the health organization that the
- 16 commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health
- 17 <u>organization's challenge;</u>

18 (4) The failure of the health organization to file an RBC 19 report by the filing date, unless the health organization has 20 provided an explanation for the failure that is satisfactory to the 21 commissioner and has cured the failure within ten days after the 22 filing date; 23 (5) The failure of the health organization to submit an RBC 24 plan to the commissioner within the time period set forth in 25 subsection (c), section three of this article; 26 (6) Notification by the commissioner to the health 27 organization that: 28 (A) The RBC plan or revised RBC plan submitted by the 29 health organization is, in the judgment of the commissioner, 30 unsatisfactory; and 31 (B) Notification constitutes a regulatory action level event 32 with respect to the health organization, provided the health 33 organization has not challenged the determination under section 34 seven of this article; 35 (7) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the health 36 organization challenges a determination by the commissioner 37 under subdivision (6) of this subsection, the notification by the

38 commissioner to the health organization that the commissioner 39 has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge; (8) Notification by the commissioner to the health 40 41 organization that the health organization has failed to adhere to 42 its RBC plan or revised RBC plan, but only if the failure has a substantial adverse effect on the ability of the health 43 44 organization to eliminate the company action level event in 45 accordance with its RBC plan or revised RBC plan and the 46 commissioner has so stated in the notification, provided the 47 health organization has not challenged the determination under 48 section seven of this article; or 49 (9) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the health 50 organization challenges a determination by the commissioner 51 under subdivision (8) of this subsection, the notification by the 52 commissioner to the health organization that the commissioner 53 has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge. 54 (b) If there is a regulatory action level event, the 55 commissioner shall: 56 (1) Require the health organization to prepare and submit an

RBC plan or, if applicable, a revised RBC plan;

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- 58 (2) Perform such examination or analysis as the
- 59 commissioner considers necessary of the assets, liabilities and
- 60 operations of the health organization including a review of its
- 61 RBC plan or revised RBC plan; and
- 62 (3) Subsequent to the examination or analysis, issue an order
- 63 specifying such corrective actions as the commissioner
- 64 determine are required (a "corrective order").
- 65 (c) In determining corrective actions, the commissioner may
- 66 take into account factors the commissioner deems relevant with
- 67 respect to the health organization based upon the commissioner's
- 68 examination or analysis of the assets, liabilities and operations
- 69 of the health organization, including, but not limited to, the
- 70 results of any sensitivity tests undertaken pursuant to the RBC
- 71 instructions. The RBC plan or revised RBC plan shall be
- 72 submitted:
- 73 (1) Within forty-five days after the occurrence of the
- 74 regulatory action level event;
- 75 (2) If the health organization challenges an adjusted RBC
- 76 report pursuant to section seven of this article and the challenge
- 77 is not frivolous in the judgment of the commissioner, within

78 forty-five days after the notification to the health organization 79 that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health 80 organization's challenge; or 81 (3) If the health organization challenges a revised RBC plan 82 pursuant to section seven of this article and the challenge is not frivolous in the judgment of the commissioner, within forty-five 83 84 days after the notification to the health organization that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the health 85 86 organization's challenge. 87 (d) The commissioner may retain actuaries and investment 88 experts and other consultants as may be necessary in the 89 judgment of the commissioner to review the health 90 organization's RBC plan or revised RBC plan, examine or 91 analyze the assets, liabilities and operations (including 92 contractual relationships) of the health organization and 93 formulate the corrective order with respect to the health organization. The fees, costs and expenses relating to consultants 94 95 shall be borne by the affected health organization or such other 96 party as directed by the commissioner.

§33-40A-5. Authorized control level event.

- 1 (a) "Authorized control level event" means any of the
- 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report by the health organization
- 4 that indicates that the health organization's total adjusted capital
- 5 is greater than or equal to its mandatory control level RBC but
- 6 less than its authorized control level RBC;
- 7 (2) The notification by the commissioner to the health
- 8 organization of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event
- 9 in subdivision (1) of this subsection, if the health organization
- 10 does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven
- 11 of this article;
- 12 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the health
- 13 organization challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates
- 14 the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, notification by the
- 15 commissioner to the health organization that the commissioner
- 16 has, after a hearing, rejected the health organization's challenge;
- 17 (4) The failure of the health organization to respond, in a
- 18 manner satisfactory to the commissioner, to a corrective order,

if the health organization has not challenged the corrective order 19 20 under section seven of this article; or 21 (5) If the health organization has challenged a corrective 22 order under section seven of this article and the commissioner 23 has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge or modified the 24 corrective order, the failure of the health organization to respond, 25 in a manner satisfactory to the commissioner, to the corrective 26 order subsequent to rejection or modification by the 27 commissioner. 28 (b) If there is an authorized control level event with respect 29 to a health organization, the commissioner shall: 30 (1) Take such actions as are required under section four of 31 this article regarding a health organization with respect to which 32 a regulatory action level event has occurred; or 33 (2) If the commissioner considers it to be in the best interests 34 of the policyholders and creditors of the health organization and 35 of the public, take such actions as are necessary to cause the 36 health organization to be placed under regulatory control under article ten of this chapter. If the commissioner takes such 37 38 actions, the authorized control level event shall be considered

- 39 sufficient grounds for the commissioner to take action under
- 40 article ten of this chapter, and the commissioner has the rights,
- 41 powers and duties with respect to the health organization as are
- 42 set forth in article ten of this chapter. If the commissioner takes
- 43 actions under this subdivision pursuant to an adjusted RBC
- 44 report, the health organization is entitled to such protections as
- 45 are afforded to health organizations under the provisions of
- 46 section four-b, article ten of this chapter pertaining to summary
- 47 proceedings.

§33-40A-6. Mandatory control level event.

- 1 (a) "Mandatory control level event" means any of the
- 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report which indicates that the
- 4 health organization's total adjusted capital is less than its
- 5 mandatory control level RBC;
- 6 (2) Notification by the commissioner to the health
- 7 organization of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event
- 8 in subdivision (1) of this subsection, if the health organization
- 9 does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven
- 10 of this article; or

11	(3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the health
12	organization challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates
13	the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, notification by the
14	commissioner to the health organization that the commissioner
15	has, after a hearing, rejected the health organization's challenge.
16	(b) If is a mandatory control level event, the commissioner
17	shall take such actions as are necessary to place the health
18	organization under regulatory control under article ten of this
19	chapter. In that event, the mandatory control level event is
20	sufficient grounds for the commissioner to take action under
21	article ten of this chapter, and the commissioner has the rights,
22	powers and duties with respect to the health organization as are
23	set forth in article ten of this chapter. If the commissioner takes
24	actions pursuant to an adjusted RBC report, the health
25	organization is entitled to the protections of section four-b,
26	article ten of this chapter pertaining to summary proceedings.
27	Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the commissioner may
28	forego action for up to ninety days after the mandatory control
29	level event if the commissioner finds there is a reasonable

- 30 expectation that the mandatory control level event may be
- 31 eliminated within the ninety-day period.

§33-40A-7. Hearings.

- 1 Upon the occurrence of any of the following events the
- 2 health organization has the right to a confidential departmental
- 3 hearing, on a record, at which the health organization may
- 4 challenge any determination or action by the commissioner. The
- 5 health organization shall notify the commissioner of its request
- 6 for a hearing within five days after the notification by the
- 7 commissioner under subsections (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this
- 8 section. Upon receipt of the health organization's request for a
- 9 hearing, the commissioner shall set a date for the hearing, which
- 10 shall be no less than ten nor more than thirty days after the date
- of the health organization's request. The events include:
- 12 (a) Notification to a health organization by the commissioner
- 13 of an adjusted RBC report;
- 14 (b) Notification to a health organization by the commissioner
- 15 that:
- 16 (1) The health organization's RBC plan or revised RBC plan
- 17 is unsatisfactory; and

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18 (2) Notification constitutes a regulatory action level event 19 with respect to the health organization; 20 (c) Notification to a health organization by the commissioner 21 that the health organization has failed to adhere to its RBC plan 22 or revised RBC plan and that the failure has a substantial adverse 23 effect on the ability of the health organization to eliminate the 24 company action level event with respect to the health 25 organization in accordance with its RBC plan or revised RBC 26 plan; or 27 (d) Notification to a health organization by the commissioner of a corrective order with respect to the health organization. 28

§33-40A-8. Confidentiality; prohibition on announcements; prohibition on use in ratemaking.

(a) All RBC reports (to the extent the information is not

required to be set forth in a publicly available annual statement
 schedule) and RBC plans (including the results or report of any
 examination or analysis of a health organization performed
 pursuant to this statute and any corrective order issued by the
 commissioner pursuant to examination or analysis) with respect

to a domestic health organization or foreign health organization

- 8 that are in the possession or control of the commissioner shall be
- 9 confidential by law and privileged, are not subject to the
- 10 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, are not subject
- 11 to subpoena, and are not subject to discovery or admissible in
- 12 evidence in any private civil action. However, the commissioner
- 13 may use the documents, materials or other information in the
- 14 <u>furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of</u>
- 15 the commissioner's official duties.
- 16 (b) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received
- 17 documents, materials or other information while acting under the
- 18 authority of the commissioner are permitted or required to testify
- 19 in any private civil action concerning any confidential
- 20 documents, materials or information subject to subsection (a) of
- 21 this section.
- 22 (c) In order to assist in the performance of the
- 23 commissioner's duties, the commissioner:
- 24 (1) May share documents, materials or other information,
- 25 including the confidential and privileged documents, materials
- 26 or information subject to subsection (a) of this section, with
- 27 other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with

28	the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with state,
29	federal and international law-enforcement authorities the
30	recipient agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged
31	status of the document, material or other information;
32	(2) May receive documents, materials or information,
33	including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,
34	materials or information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and
35	subsidiaries, and from regulatory and law-enforcement officials
36	of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as
37	confidential or privileged any document, material or information
38	received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential
39	or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source
40	of the document, material or information; and
41	(3) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use of
12	information consistent with this subsection.
43	(d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of
14	confidentiality in the documents, materials or information may
45	occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this
46	section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subdivision (3),
17	subsection (a) of this section

48 (e) It is the finding of the Legislature that the comparison of 49 a health organization's total adjusted capital to any of its RBC 50 levels is a regulatory tool which may indicate the need for 51 corrective action with respect to the health organization, and is 52 not intended as a means to rank health organizations generally. 53 Therefore, except as otherwise required under the provisions of 54 this article, the making, publishing, disseminating, circulating or 55 placing before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly to be 56 made, published, disseminated, circulated or placed before the 57 public, in a newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the 58 form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or poster, or over a 59 radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, 60 announcement or statement containing an assertion, 61 representation or statement with regard to the RBC levels of any 62 health organization, or of any component derived in the 63 calculation by any health organization, agent, broker or other 64 person engaged in any manner in the insurance business would 65 be misleading and is therefore prohibited: *Provided*, That if any 66 materially false statement with respect to the comparison 67 regarding a health organization's total adjusted capital to its

68 RBC levels (or any of them) or an inappropriate comparison of 69 any other amount to the health organization's RBC levels is 70 published in any written publication and the health organization 71 is able to demonstrate to the commissioner with substantial proof 72 the falsity of the statement, or the inappropriateness, as the case may be, then the health organization may publish an 73 74 announcement in a written publication if the sole purpose of the 75 announcement is to rebut the materially false statement. 76 (f) It is the further finding of the Legislature that the RBC 77 instructions, RBC reports, adjusted RBC reports, RBC plans and 78 revised RBC plans are intended solely for use by the 79 commissioner in monitoring the solvency of health organizations 80 and the need for possible corrective action with respect to health 81 organizations and shall not be used by the commissioner for rate 82 making nor considered or introduced as evidence in any rate 83 proceeding nor used by the commissioner to calculate or derive 84 any elements of an appropriate premium level or rate of return 85 for any line of insurance that a health organization or any 86 affiliate is authorized to write.

§33-40A-9. Supplemental provisions; rules; exemption.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article are supplemental to any
- 2 other provisions of the laws of this state, and do not preclude or
- 3 limit any other powers or duties of the commissioner under such
- 4 laws, including, but not limited to, article ten and article
- 5 thirty-four of this chapter.
- 6 (b) The commissioner may propose rules for legislative
- 7 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three,
- 8 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, as are necessary to effectuate
- 9 the purposes of this article and to prevent circumvention and
- 10 evasion thereof.
- 11 (c) The commissioner may exempt from the application of
- 12 this article a domestic health organization that:
- 13 (1) Writes direct business only in this state;
- 14 (2) Assumes no reinsurance in excess of five percent of
- 15 direct premiums written; and
- 16 (3) Writes direct annual premiums for comprehensive
- 17 medical business of \$2 million or less; or
- 18 (4) Is a limited health service organization that covers less
- 19 than two thousand lives.

§33-40A-10. Foreign health organizations.

- 1 (a)(1) A foreign health organization, upon the written request
- 2 of the commissioner, shall submit to the commissioner an RBC
- 3 report, as of the end of the calendar year just ended, not later
- 4 than the later of:
- 5 (A) The date an RBC report would be required to be filed by
- 6 a domestic health organization under this article; or
- 7 (B) Fifteen days after the request is received by the foreign
- 8 health organization.
- 9 (2) A foreign health organization, at the written request of
- 10 the commissioner, shall promptly submit to the commissioner a
- 11 copy of any RBC plan that is filed with the insurance
- 12 commissioner of any other state.
- (b) If there is a company action level event, regulatory action
- 14 level event or authorized control level event with respect to a
- 15 foreign health organization as determined under the RBC statute
- 16 <u>applicable in the state of domicile of the health organization (or,</u>
- 17 if no RBC statute is in force in that state, under the provisions
- 18 this article), if the Insurance Commissioner of the state of
- 19 domicile of the foreign health organization fails to require the

20 foreign health organization to file an RBC plan in the manner 21 specified under that state's RBC statute (or, if no RBC statute is 22 in force in that state, under section three of this article), the 23 commissioner may require the foreign health organization to file 24 an RBC plan with the commissioner. In that event, the failure of 25 the foreign health organization to file an RBC plan with the 26 commissioner is grounds to order the health organization to 27 cease and desist from writing new insurance business in this 28 state. 29 (c) If there is a mandatory control level event with respect to 30 a foreign health organization, and no domiciliary receiver has 31 been appointed with respect to the foreign health organization 32 under the rehabilitation and liquidation statute applicable in the 33 state of domicile of the foreign health organization, the 34 commissioner may make application to the Circuit Court of 35 Kanawha County permitted under section two, article ten of this 36 chapter with respect to the liquidation of property of foreign 37 health organizations found in this state, and the occurrence of the 38 mandatory control level even shall be considered adequate 39 grounds for the application.

§33-40A-11. Immunity.

- 1 There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of action
- 2 may arise against, the commissioner or the West Virginia Office
- 3 of the Insurance Commissioner or its employees or agents for
- 4 any action taken by them in the performance of their powers and
- 5 duties under this article.

§33-40A-12. Notices.

- 1 All notices by the commissioner to a health organization that
- 2 may result in regulatory action under this article are effective
- 3 upon dispatch if transmitted by registered or certified mail, or in
- 4 the case of any other transmission shall be effective upon the
- 5 <u>health organization's receipt of notice.</u>